

## Freeform Search

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Term:	tumor peptide pulsed DC			
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<u>L9</u>	exosomes	14	<u>L9</u>	
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<u>L7</u>	urine retentate	8	<u>L7</u>	
<u>L6</u>	urine and cancer treatment	542	<u>L6</u>	
<u>L5</u>	L4 and cancer	3	<u>L5</u>	
<u>L4</u>	urine isolate	7	<u>L4</u>	
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<u>L1</u>	usoo6436411	0	<u>L1</u>	

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

Oct 22, 2002

File: USPT

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6468758 B1

TITLE: Compositions and methods for ovarian cancer therapy and diagnosis

## <u>Detailed Description Text</u> (74):

L9: Entry 1 of 14

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, Nature 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (see Timmerman and Levy, Ann. Rev. Med. 50:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate in situ, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible in vitro) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells in vivo or ex vivo, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (see Zitvogel et al., Nature Med. 4:594-600, 1998).

Set Items Description
S1 67 NEUROBLASTOMA AND APC
37 RD (unique items)
S3 1 S2 AND URINE
S4 1 S2 AND ANTIGEN (W) PRESENTING (W) CELL?

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                     5: Biosis Previews(R) 1969-2002/Oct W3
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   19 files have one or more items; file list includes 27 files.
?b 73 and 94
>>>"AND" is invalid in a filelist.
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                S1 AND DENDRITIC (W) CELL?
S3
                S1 AND ANTIGEN (W) PRESENTING (W) CELL? Set
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S3
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DIALOG(R) File 73:EMBASE
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07666900
             EMBASE No: 1999150413
  Lack of evidence for an immunosuppressive role for MUC1
  Paul S.; Bizouarne N.; Paul A.; Price M.R.; Hansson G.C.; Kieny M.P.;
Acres R.B.
```

S. Paul, Department of Immunology, Transgene S. A, Strasbourg 67082

Cancer Immunology Immunotherapy ( CANCER IMMUNOL. IMMUNOTHER. ) (Germany) 1999, 48/1 (22-28)

CODEN: CIIMD ISSN: 0340-7004 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

NUMBER OF REFERENCES: 46

The in vitro anti-proliferative properties of various supernatants from MUC1-expressing cell lines and of purified preparations of MUC1 were evaluated. We have observed that supernatants from the MUC1- and MUC3positive cell line T47D, but not from the MUC1- and MUC4-positive cell line MCF7, were able to inhibit proliferation of cells from various haematopoietic cell lines. Although the activity of T47D supernatants could be abrogated by immunodepletion of MUC1, immunopurified MUC1 from T47D was unable to inhibit cell proliferation. Significantly, supernatants from mouse 3T3 cells transfected with a secreted form of MUC1 or from BHK-21 cells infected with a recombinant vaccinia virus coding for the secreted form of MUC1, as well as preparations of purified MUC1 from bile or urine , were likewise unable to inhibit T cell proliferation. Surprisingly, a crude mixture of bile mucins had a suppressive effect on T cell growth. Our results suggest that other molecules, such as amino sugars or other mucins, which can associate with MUC1, are likely to be responsible for the observed anti-proliferative effects of T47D cells.

5/9/2 (Item 2 from file: 73)

DIALOG(R) File 73: EMBASE

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06874635 EMBASE No: 1997158963

Urotherapy for patients with cancer

Eldor J.

J. Eldor, Theoretical Medicine Institute, P.O. Box 12142, Jerusalem 97120 Israel

Medical Hypotheses (MED. HYPOTHESES) (United Kingdom) 1997, 48/4

(309-315)

CODEN: MEHYD ISSN: 0306-9877 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

NUMBER OF REFERENCES: 96

Cancer cells release various antigens, some of which appear in the **urine**. Oral autourotherapy is suggested as a new treatment modality for cancer patients. It will provide the intestinal lymphatic system with the many **tumor antigens** against which antibodies may be produced. These antibodies may be pierced through the blood stream and attack the tumor and its cells.







PubMed

Nucleotide

Protein Genome

☐ 1: Nat Med 1998 May;4(5):594-600

Structure

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Eradication of established murine tumors using a novel cell-

free vaccine: dendritic cell-derived exosomes.

Zitvogel L, Regnault A, Lozier A, Wolfers J, Flament C, Tenza D, Ricciardi-Castagnoli P, Raposo G, Amigorena S.

CNRS URA 1301, Institut Gustave Roussy, Villejuif, France.

Dendritic cells (DCs) are professional antigen presenting cells with the unique capacity to induce primary and secondary immune responses in vivo. Here, we show that DCs secrete antigen presenting vesicles, called exosomes, which express functional Major Histocompatibility Complex class I and class II, and T-cell costimulatory molecules. Tumor peptidepulsed DC-derived exosomes prime specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes in vivo and eradicate or suppress growth of established murine tumors in a T cell-dependent manner. Exosome-based cell-free vaccines represent an alternative to DC adoptive therapy for suppressing tumor growth.

PMID: 9585234 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]



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